

SURVEY OF HISTORICAL DATABASES

WITH LONGITUDINAL MICRO-DATA

For more information about this questionnaire or questions about entering specific information, please contact Kees Mandemakers (kma@iisg.nl) and/or Tatiana Moisseenko (tatiana.moisseenko@iisg.nl)

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The questionnaire comprises three sections:

Section A includes the questions related to the most general and important information identifying the content, scope and provenance of the databases and the information about their creators.

Section B contains more specific and detailed questions about databases, such as the period(s) of observation, sampling design and procedures, data collection, linkage process and others.

Section C contains detailed questions about sources used for the databases: their type, scope, content, state of preservation, etc.

Section A

I. General (identifying) information about the database

1. Title of the database	Female Demographic Biographies
1.a. Subtitle , which brings meaning to the title (scope, place, time period):	Wald parish, 1880-1938
2. Abbreviation	FDB-Wald
3. Links to website(s):	
3.a. Homepage	
3.b. Get to data	
4. Abstract: describes content of the database. Max. length: 300 words Please indicate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Scope and main goal ◦ Time and territory covered by data ◦ Sample strategy ◦ Main sources 	All baptisms, marriages and burials from 1880 to 1938; reconstructing female demographic life-courses (own baptism, baptisms of own children, own marriage, own burial) by record linkage; complete data entry; church books
5. Keywords: Please use the recommended keywords if they are applicable: <i>demography, life course, census, church register, civil certificates, population register, history, social science, genetics, migration, occupations.</i>	Demography, church register, life course
Please add your own keywords, if you have data not covered by the recommended terms.	
6. Citation: Indicate how you want others to cite your	Peter Teibenbacher: FDB-Wald

database.	
7. IDS compatible: Indicate with <i>Yes</i> or <i>No</i> whether the database is IDS compatible, if <i>Yes</i> , please specify.	No
8. Has the database already been completed or it is still under construction?	Still under construction
8.a. If completed, please indicate the years of its construction?	
8.b. If under construction, please indicate, when it is planned to complete it?	2016
8.c. Please add a brief description of future plans for the database.	Transformation into IDS-format

II. Contact information

1. Name of institute or organisation	Department for Economic, Social and Business History
1.a. Website	http://wirtschaftsgeschichte.uni-graz.at/
1.b. Location: city, country	KF-University Graz
1.c. Postal address	Universitätsstraße 15/E/2
1.d. Phone	0043 316 380 3521
2. Name of primary responsible person	Peter Teibenbacher
2.a. His/her email address	peter.teibenbacher@uni-graz.at
2.b. Postal address	Universitätsstraße 15/E/2
2.c. Phone	0043 316 380 3523
3. Administrative information	
3.a. When this form was filled?	15.06.2015
3.b. Who did it?	Peter Teibenbacher
4. Main economic funding (Name of organization(s) who made the grants /sustain it)	No

III. Sources: core characteristics

1. Type of the sources.					
Indicate how many sources were used for the database and what kind (register, census, certificates ...). Please enter <i>Yes</i> or <i>No</i> and the time period for the main sources. In case of other sources, not listed below, please add their type and specify their main characteristics.					
Detailed questions about the characteristics of all core sources are in section C.					
	<i>Type of source</i>	<i>Yes/No</i>	<i>Start year</i>	<i>End year</i>	<i>Explanations:</i>
1.	Baptisms	yes	1880	1938	
2.	Marriages from church registers	yes	1880	1938	
3.	Burials	yes	1880	1938	
4.	Population registers, maintained by church or state	yes	1880	1938	
5.	Civil birth certificates				
6.	Civil marriage certificates				
7.	Civil death certificates				
8.	Population Census				
9.	Nominative lists				
10.	Military draft records				
11.	Other:				

IV. The database: core characteristics

1. Period covered by data: give first and last year of date, if possible		1880; 1938		
2. Territory covered by data		Wald parish (Catholic and Lutheran part)		
3. Geographical characteristic: local, regional, national, cross-national		Local		
4. Units of observation. Please enter <i>Yes</i> or <i>No</i> for each unit, which forms the sample, the number of units and write explanations/comments. Add other units if they are not listed below, for them explanations are especially important.				
	Units of observation:	Yes /No	Number of units	Explanations:
1.	Individuals	yes	7315	
2.	Married couples	yes	1132	
3.	Families	yes	899	married or non-married women with one child at least is defined a family
4.	Households			
5.	Farms			
6.	Institutions			
7.	Other			

5. Variables per unit included in the database	
<p><u>On individuals:</u> <i>Data of birth and dead, age, gender, marital status, religion, occupation, migration, relationship, etc.</i> Please add more variables, if they are not in the list</p>	<p>Baptisms: first and last name of child, confession of child, birth date of child, marital status of child, first and last names and occupation of parents; if illegitimately born, mostly name and occupation of mother (maiden name) only Marriages: first and last names of bride (maiden name) and groom, their marital status, their confession, their age, their occupation, first and last names and occupation of parents, Burial: first and last name of deceased person, it's occupation, age of death, cause of death</p>
<p><u>On households:</u> <i>Type of household, children present, age and number of children, etc.</i> Please add more variables, if they are not in the list</p>	

6. Kinship relations:	
6.a. How is kinship recorded in the database?	Not yet
6.b. How deep (number of generations) is kinship information going?	Actually not known

7. Completeness	
7.a. Are all variables from the sources included in the database?	Almost all (not: names of parents of a marrying couple, name of baptizing priest, godfather, witnesses to a marriage)
7.b. Are all individuals who lived in the households of the sample recorded?	No

8. Current data representation: Database Software (e.g. MySQL, MsSql, Access, please specify)	SPSS
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9. Access conditions:	
9.a. How does a user get access to the database?	Not yet public
9.b. What are the conditions and restrictions?	Not yet public

V. Publications and reports

1. Main publications about the database itself (max. 5)
no

2. Main or exemplary publications on research based on the database (max. 5)
- Unger, Karin (2002). „[Die Entwicklung der Fertilität im Modernisierungsprozess am Beispiel der Pfarre Wald am Schoberpass in der Steiermark 1880 – 1938](#)“. Graz: Master Thesis
- Teibenbacher, Peter (2010). “Fertility decline, illegitimacy, and denomination – the demographic story of the Wald parish between 1880 and 1938”. In *Many paths to Happiness. Studies in Population and Family History. A Festschrift for Antoinette Fauve-Chaumoix*. A.P. Arrizabalaga, I. Bolovan, M. Eppel, J. Kok, M.L. Nagata (Eds.). Amsterdam: Aksant: 238-260.
- Teibenbacher, Peter (2004): „Der erste demografische Übergang in der Steiermark (1880-1938). Dargestellt am Mikrokosmos einer Pfarre“. In: Karner, St. (ed.), *Wirtschaft und Gesellschaft* (Festschrift für G. Schöpfer). Graz : Leykam : 87-106

Section B

contains more specific and detailed questions about databases, such as the period(s) of observation, sampling design and procedures, data collection, linkage process and others.

VI. Observations

1. How do individuals enter observation?	Immediately at baptism, marriage or burial
2. How do individuals leave observation?	after entry to burials; if a child of the person deceased is marrying later on, this person is named as a bride's or groom's mother or father; if a child of the person deceased is born later on, the person is named as a father or mother
3. How do households enter observation?	No
4. How do households leave observation?	
5. Are some entry or exit dates unknown?	Yes (birth-giving women as born earlier to 1880)
6. Are some entry or exit dates estimated?	Yes
7. Can observations be linked to geographic locations?	No
8. Are the dates and locations of movements within the observation area recorded?	No
9. Are all individuals who lived in selected households recorded? (Selection on basis of the sample or because sampled individuals are living in households)	No
10. Are there related observations that are not included in the database?	Population number per year

VII. Sampling design and procedures: how was sample(s) defined?

1. Source(s): Which source forms the basis for the sample	
2. Sampling units: Households, individuals, regions...	
3. Variables used for selection: Age, gender, marital status, other	
4. Selection method: Random, stratified random, total count, clustered, other	

VIII. Data collection

1. Data collection period: When the data was collected and transcribed?	1999-2000
2. Data collection method: Public digital register, transcription, other	Digital entry
2.a. If transcription, how was the transcription done: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ By individuals ◦ From scanned sources ◦ From LDS's microfilms ◦ Automatic controls 	By individuals
2.b. How was the checking of the transcription done? For example, by proof reading?	Proof reading
2.c. When was it done?	2000
2.d. Purpose of the transcription: please indicate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ LDS ◦ Research ◦ Genealogy 	research
3. Control methods by researcher: e.g. Internal consistencies such as a death cannot happen before a birth of the same person	Done
4. Data collection staff: Please indicate the number of people and their position (member of the project, free-lancer, other)	Student

IX. Linkage process

1. Linkage: Which sources and units of observation have been linked: (e.g. birth/baptisms and death/burials...)?	Female births, baptisms, marriages, burials	
2. Documentation of linking:	No	
2.a. Programme, manually, ...	Manually, machine-aided	
2.b. Name of software if used (and its parameters)	SPSS	
3. What are the rules for linking? Flags definition (list them: age, name, extra knowledge ...)	First and last names, maiden names, date of birth, dates of baptisms, date of marriage of a woman	
4. How each reconstructed person is traceable to the original sources /transcribed data?	By date of birth, baptism of a child, marriage, death	
5. How is linkage represented in the database? For example, do all occurrences of an individual include a universal identification number (ID)? Or are records linked in another way?	Universal identification code for each different person; universal identification code for each family; different codes for the role in a demographic event (baptised child, bride/groom, buried, father or mother)	
6. Linkage percentage	100%	
7. Quality of linkage (own evaluation)	Very well	
8. What reference/coding systems have been linked to the data? For example, occupational titles (like HISCO), locations (including geo-referenced systems). Please indicate the name of the system and how it was used. (Yes, No, Partly).	No	
Y/N/P	Reference system	Explanations:
	Occupational titles:	
	Locations (including geo-referenced	

	systems):	
	Religion, civil status etc.:	
	Other:	

Section C

contains detailed questions about sources used for the databases: their type, scope, content, state of preservation, etc.

Please answer the questions about all the sources used for the database, but do it in a separate form for every type of the source.

X. The main characteristics of the source (per every type of the source)

1. Official name of the source and its English translation	Kirchenbuch der Pfarre Wald am Schoberpass/church book Wald on Schoberpass
2. Purpose of the source:	
2.a. Why was this source created?	Obligatory by papal edict (mid 16 th century) for the Catholic church/allowance to create an own register for the Lutheran church in 1848
2.b. Who created it?	Catholic Church Priest/Lutheran Church Priest
3. Scope: What group of the population was documented in this source?	Each person, concerned of a baptism, a marriage or a burial
4. Time period: When the information of the sources was recorded? Please indicate the start and the end date.	Immediately when the demographic event (baptism, marriage, death) happened; start: 1.1.1880, end: 31.12.1938
5. Geographical area: What territory is covered by the source?	The catholic and the Lutheran part of Wald parish
6. Content: What was recorded?	Each baptism, each marriage, each burial and persons concerned (children and parents, brides and grooms)
7. Language of written material: original sources and documentation	German
8. Preservation and storage:	
8.a. Completely preserved	Yes
8.b. Partially destroyed by personnel according to systematic criteria	No
8.c. Partially destroyed or damaged for other reasons	No
8.d. Reorganized by producer of the source	No
8.e. Reorganized by record linkage procedures	Yes
8.f. Where the original records are stored (name of the archive or institution)?	Archive of Catholic diocese Graz-Seckau/Graz; General commissariat (Indentantur) of Lutheran Church/Vienna
9. Documentation:	No
9.a. Completely documented and accessible by:	
9.b. Partially documented and accessible by:	
9.c. No documentation, but accessible by:	